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RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

## MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEAL 2013 JUN 28 PM 4: 42 BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION FORM CALENDAR YEAR 2017 Public Water Supply Name List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year of electronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply. Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other Door to doar hand delivery Date(s) customers were informed: 0 / CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used Door to Door Hand delivery Hand delivery Date Mailed/Distributed: 07/01/1 CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / As a URL (Provide URL) As an attachment As text within the body of the email message CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: Date Published:

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted:

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

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## 2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report West Madison Utility District PWS ID# 0450016 June 2013

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We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about from where your water comes, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water and to providing you with this information, because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Aquifer.

A Source Water Assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of the drinking water supply and to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water supply and is available upon request. The wells for West Madison Utility District have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact Sadie Heard at 769-233-4200. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held at 6:00 P.M. on the First Monday of each month at the Kearney Park Community.

We routinely monitor for over 150 contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected in the last round of sampling for the particular contaminant group. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, (2012). As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. All drinking water, including bottled water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to lealth. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

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## **TEST RESULTS**

Inorganic Contam	inants											
Contaminant (units) Sample Date		Date	MC Viol n Y/N		Your Water	Ran Low High		M G	CL	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Barium (ppm)	2012		N		0.026	No F	tange	2		2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
Chromium (ppb)	2012		N		4.6	No F	lange	10	0	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride (ppm)	2012		N		0.488	No Range		4		4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
Selenium (ppb)	*2010	ſ	N		1.9	No Range		50		50 Discharge from petroleut and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines		
au anu Copper C	oniaminants					·				(*************************************		
Contaminant (units	Sample D	214	You: Water	tound		MCLG		М	CL	Likely Source of Contamination		
Copper (ppm) (90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	2009/201	1 0	).2		0	1.3	1.3		= ]	systems;	orrosion of household plumbing stems; erosion of natural deposits; aching from wood preservatives	
Lead (ppb) (90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	2009/201		ĺ	0		0	0		~·1	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits		
sinfectants and Di	sinfection By	oroduc	ts C	ontan	ninants			J				
Contaminant (units)	MCL/MRDL Violation Y/N	You Wat (AV	er er	Ran Lov Hig	ge N N	<b>f</b> CLG	МС	L	Lik	ely Source of Contamination		
Chlorine (ppm)	N	0.80		0.50		RDLG	MRDL = Water additive used to control microbe					

\*Most Recent Sample. No sample required for 2012

\*\*\*April 1, 2013 A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*

1.00

Water additive used to control microbes

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water systems were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements, and is now in compliance. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of

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to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any samples prior to the end of the monitoring period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The West Madison Utility District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Prinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The West Madison Utility District works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.